



SEX AND RELATIONSHIPS CURRICULUM

CITATIONS FOR 2023 WILLING TO WAIT MS STUDENT HANDBOOK

1. 75.6% Of Michigan high school students have not had sex.

“Youth Risk Behavior Surveillance — United States, 2021.” MMWR Supplement, 72, no.1. *Centers for Disease Control and Prevention*, April 28, 2023.

Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC). 1991-2021 High School Youth Risk Behavior Survey Data. Available at <http://yrbs-explorer.services.cdc.gov/>. Accessed on July, 24, 2023.

For older data, see: “Youth Risk Behavior Surveillance — United States, 2019.” *Centers for Disease Control and Prevention*, MMWR, 69, no. 1 (2020). See Table 131 in https://www.cdc.gov/healthyyouth/data/yrbs/2019_tables/pdf/2019_MMWR-SS_Tables.pdf

2. 80% Of Kent County high school students have not had sex.

Michigan Department of Education. “Michigan Profile for Healthy Youth: 2019-2020 Kent County,” 2020. <https://mdoe.state.mi.us/schoolhealthsurveys/ExternalReports/CountyReportGeneration.aspx>.

There is a newer sample from the 2021-2022 academic year with a slightly lower number of 78.8% students who have not had sex. However, that number was based on a small sample size that included more 11th graders than most other years. The link above can be used to access reports from any available year.

3. “While we are free to choose our actions, we are not free to choose the consequences of those actions.”

Covey, Stephen R. *The Seven Habits of Highly Effective People: Restoring the Character Ethic*. New York: Free Press, 2003, page 90.

4. How a Baby Develops in the Womb

Moore, Keith L., T. V. N. Persaud, and Mark G. Torchia. *The Developing Human: Clinically Oriented Embryology*. 10th edition. Philadelphia, PA: Elsevier, 2016.

American Pregnancy Association. “Fetal Development,” April 26, 2012. <https://americanpregnancy.org/healthy-pregnancy/fetal-development/>

Sekulic, Slobodan, Ksenija Gebauer-Bukurov, Milan Cvijanovic, Aleksandar Kopitovic, Djordje Ilic, Djordje Petrovic, Ivan Capo, Ivana Pericin-Starcevic, Oliver Christ, and Anastasia Topalidou. “Appearance of Fetal Pain Could Be Associated with Maturation of the Mesodiencephalic Structures.” *Journal of Pain Research* 9 (November 11, 2016): 1031–38. <https://doi.org/10.2147/JPR.S117959>.

5. Abstinence provides 100% protection from unplanned pregnancy.

“Sexual Behaviors | Adolescent and School Health | CDC.” <http://www.cdc.gov/HealthyYouth/sexualbehaviors/> “Abstinence from vaginal, anal, and oral intercourse is the only 100% effective way to prevent HIV, other STDs, and pregnancy.” Accessed July 24, 2023.

“What Is Abstinence? | Preventing Pregnancy and STDs.” Accessed August 3, 2016. <https://www.plannedparenthood.org/learn/birth-control/abstinence>

6. The Pill provides 93% protection from unplanned pregnancy.

7. A Condom provides 87% protection from unplanned pregnancy.

Hatcher, Robert A. *Contraceptive Technology*. 21 edition. Managing Contraception LLC, 2018. <http://www.contraceptivetechnology.org/wp-content/uploads/2013/09/Contraceptive-Failure-Rates.pdf>.

Centers for Disease Control. "EFFECTIVENESS OF FAMILY PLANNING METHODS." Accessed July 15, 2016. <https://pdfs.semanticscholar.org/f45e/602b3239e70f258e0f893980e83a48ee18c7.pdf>. And <http://www.cdc.gov/reproductivehealth/contraception/index.htm>

"Contraceptive Use in the United States | Guttmacher Institute." Guttmacher Institute, October 2015. <https://www.guttmacher.org/fact-sheet/contraceptive-use-united-states>.

8. [Parenting as a teen means] More work to finish college.

Hoffman, Saul D. "By the Numbers: The Public Cost of Teen Childbearing." National Campaign to Prevent Teen Pregnancy. Washington, D.C., October 2006.

"Policy Brief: Preventing Teen Pregnancy Is Critical to School Completion." America's Promise Alliance. The National Campaign to Prevent Teen Pregnancy, July 2010. <https://powertodecide.org/sites/default/files/resources/primary-download/briefly-policy-brief-school-completion.pdf>.

"Unplanned Pregnancy Among College Students and Strategies to Address It." The National Campaign to Prevent Teen and Unplanned Pregnancy, July 2015. <https://powertodecide.org/sites/default/files/resources/primary-download/briefly-unplanned-pregnancy-college.pdf>.

9. Children of married parents grow up to make more money.

Wilcox, W. Bradford. "Marriage Makes Our Children Richer—Here's Why." *The Atlantic*, October 29, 2013. <http://www.theatlantic.com/business/archive/2013/10/marriage-makes-our-children-richer-heres-why/280930/>.

"How Marriage and Divorce Impact Economic Opportunity | Brookings Institution." *Brookings*, November 30, 2001. <https://www.brookings.edu/opinions/how-marriage-and-divorce-impact-economic-opportunity/>.

"The Parenting Gap | Brookings Institution." *Brookings*, November 30, 2001. <https://www.brookings.edu/research/the-parenting-gap/>.

Parke, Mary. "Are Married Parents Really Better for Children? What Research Says about the Effects of Family Structure on Child Well-Being." *CLASP Policy Brief*, Couples and Marriage Series, 3 (May 2003). <http://eric.ed.gov/?id=ED476114>.

Winship, Scott. "A Half-Century Decline in Marriage... That End 30 Years Ago for Disadvantaged Kids." American Enterprise Institute, April 2022. <https://www.aei.org/wp-content/uploads/2022/04/Half-Century-Decline-in-Marriage-...-That-Ended-30-Years-Ago-for-Disadvantaged-Kids.pdf?x91208>.

10. Children of adult parents are more likely to go to college.

Institute for Family Studies. "For Getting Kids Through College, Single-Parent Families Are Not All the Same." Accessed February 22, 2023. <https://ifstudies.org/blog/for-getting-kids-through-college-single-parent-families-are-not-all-the-same>.

Ziol-Guest, Kathleen M., Greg J. Duncan, and Ariel Kalil. "One-Parent Students Leave School Earlier: Educational Attainment Gap Widens." *Education Next* 15, no. 2 (2015): 36–41.

Choy, Susan. "Students Whose Parents Did Not Go to College: Postsecondary Access, Persistence, and Attainment. Findings from the Condition of Education, 2001." Findings from the Condition of Education 2001. National Center for Education Statistics, 2001. <http://eric.ed.gov/?id=ED460660>.

Brownstein, Ronald. "Are College Degrees Inherited?" *The Atlantic*, April 11, 2014. <http://www.theatlantic.com/education/archive/2014/04/are-college-degrees-inherited/360532/>.

Wilcox, W. Bradford. "Marriage Makes Our Children Richer—Here's Why." *The Atlantic*, October 29, 2013. <http://www.theatlantic.com/business/archive/2013/10/marriage-makes-our-children-richer-heres-why/280930/>.

"How Marriage and Divorce Impact Economic Opportunity | Brookings Institution." *Brookings*, November 30, 2001. <https://www.brookings.edu/opinions/how-marriage-and-divorce-impact-economic-opportunity/>.

"The Parenting Gap | Brookings Institution." *Brookings*, November 30, 2001. <https://www.brookings.edu/research/the-parenting-gap/>.

Parke, Mary. "Are Married Parents Really Better for Children? What Research Says about the Effects of Family Structure on Child Well-Being." *CLASP Policy Brief*, Couples and Marriage Series, 3 (May 2003). <http://eric.ed.gov/?id=ED476114>.

Lundberg, Shelly. "Father Absence and the Gender Gap in College Graduation," 2016.

McLanahan, Sara, Laura Tach, and Daniel Schneider. "The Causal Effects of Father Absence." *Annual Review of Sociology* 39 (July 2013): 399–427. doi:10.1146/annurev-soc-071312-145704.

11. Research Shows that only 3% of people who do these three things, in this order, will live in poverty.

Wang, Wendy, and W Bradford Wilcox. "THE MILLENNIAL SUCCESS SEQUENCE." Institute for Family Studies, 2017. <https://www.aei.org/wp-content/uploads/2017/06/IFS-MillennialSuccessSequence-Final.pdf?x91208>

Wang, Wendy, and Brad Wilcox. "The Power of the Success Sequence for Disadvantaged Young Adults." Institute for Family Studies, American Enterprise Institute, May 2022. <https://ifstudies.org/ifs-admin/resources/reports/successsequencedisadvantagedya-final.pdf>.

Haskins, Ron, and Isabel V. Sawhill. *Creating an Opportunity Society*. Washington, D.C: Brookings Institution Press, 2009.

Isaacs, Julia B., Isabel V. Sawhill, and Ron Haskins. "Getting Ahead or Losing Ground: Economic Mobility in America." *Brookings Institution*, 2008. <http://eric.ed.gov/?id=ED500256>.

"Teenage Births: Outcomes for Young Parents and Their Children." Albany, New York: Schuyler Center for Analysis and Advocacy, December 2008. http://www.scaany.org/documents/teen_pregnancy_dec08.pdf.

"Why It Matters: Teen Pregnancy, Poverty, and Income Disparity." The National Campaign to Prevent Teen Pregnancy, March 2010. teenpregnancy.org

A discussion of the limitations of the "Success Sequence" can be read in the essay by Michael Tanner below. The "Success Sequence" is a description of predictive markers for attaining the middle class. There is debate over whether these three steps are also valid strategies for avoiding poverty. In other words, does the "Success Sequences" show causation or mere correlation?

Tanner, Michael. "The Success Sequence - and What It Leaves Out." *Cato Unbound: A Journal of Debate*, May 9, 2018. <https://www.cato-unbound.org/2018/05/09/michael-d-tanner/success-sequence-what-it-leaves-out>.

12. How STDs spread

"HIV Transmission | HIV Basics | HIV/AIDS | CDC." Accessed June 30, 2016. <http://www.cdc.gov/hiv/basics/transmission.html>.

"STD Facts - Genital Herpes," Accessed July 25, 2023. <http://www.cdc.gov/std/herpes/stdfact-herpes.htm>.

"STD Facts - Human Papillomavirus (HPV)," May 16, 2016. <http://www.cdc.gov/std/hpv/stdfact-hpv.htm>.

"Fact Sheet for Public Health Personnel | Condom Effectiveness | CDC," March 25, 2013. <http://www.cdc.gov/condomeffectiveness/latex.html>.

Wald, A., M. Ericsson, E. Krantz, S. Selke, and L. Corey. "Oral Shedding of Herpes Simplex Virus Type 2." *Sexually Transmitted Infections* 80, no. 4 (August 1, 2004): 272–76. <https://doi.org/10.1136/sti.2003.007823>.

D'Souza, Gypsyamber, Yuri Agrawal, Jane Halpern, Sacared Bodison, and Maura L. Gillison. "Oral Sexual Behaviors Associated with Prevalent Oral Human Papillomavirus Infection." *The Journal of Infectious Diseases* 199, no. 9 (May 1, 2009): 1263–69. <https://doi.org/10.1086/597755>. (This study showed an association between various non-sexual activities like deep kissing and sharing oral hygiene products and HPV infection. Subsequent publications below qualified that as a low or theoretical risk.)

13. Condoms provide less protection against STDs than they do against pregnancy.

14. Condoms if used correctly and every time can only reduce the risk.

"Fact Sheet for Public Health Personnel | Condom Effectiveness | CDC," March 25, 2013. <http://www.cdc.gov/condomeffectiveness/latex.html>.

Smith, Dawn K., Jeffrey H. Herbst, Xinjiang Zhang, and Charles E. Rose. "Condom Effectiveness for HIV Prevention by Consistency of Use among Men Who Have Sex with Men in the United States." *Journal of Acquired Immune Deficiency Syndromes* (1999) 68, no. 3 (March 1, 2015): 337–44. doi:10.1097/QAI.0000000000000461.

15. Chlamydia information

"STD Facts - Chlamydia," May 19, 2016. <http://www.cdc.gov/std/chlamydia/stdfact-chlamydia.htm>.

16. Gonorrhea information

"STD Facts - Gonorrhea," May 19, 2016. <http://www.cdc.gov/std/gonorrhea/stdfact-gonorrhea.htm>.

17. Syphilis information

"STD Facts - Syphilis," May 20, 2016. <http://www.cdc.gov/std/syphilis/stdfact-syphilis.htm>.

18. HPV information

"STD Facts - Human Papillomavirus (HPV)," May 16, 2016. <http://www.cdc.gov/std/hpv/stdfact-hpv.htm>.

19. Herpes information

"STD Facts - Genital Herpes," May 19, 2016. <http://www.cdc.gov/std/herpes/stdfact-herpes.htm>.

20. HIV / AIDS information

"STD Facts - HIV/AIDS & STDs." Accessed November 14, 2016. <http://www.cdc.gov/std/hiv/STDFact-STD-HIV.htm>.

"HIV Infection and Cancer Risk." HIVFactSheet. *National Cancer Institute*. Accessed June 30, 2016. <http://www.cancer.gov/about-cancer/causes-prevention/risk/infectious-agents/hiv-fact-sheet>.

21. "Abstinence from vaginal, anal, and oral intercourse is the only 100% effective way to prevent HIV, other STDs, and pregnancy."

"Sexual Behaviors | Adolescent and School Health | CDC." Accessed August 16, 2016. <http://www.cdc.gov/healthyouth/sexualbehaviors/>.

22. Abstinence is the best and way to avoid STDs.

"HIV Prevention | HIV Basics | Act Against AIDS | CDC." Accessed July 15, 2016. <http://www.cdc.gov/ActAgainstAIDS/basics/prevention.html>.

"Sexual Behaviors | Adolescent and School Health | CDC." Accessed August 16, 2016. <http://www.cdc.gov/healthyouth/sexualbehaviors/>.

23. Testing is the only way to know for sure if a person has an STD.

Center for Disease Control and Prevention, and others. "Sexually Transmitted Diseases Treatment Guidelines." *MMWR. Morbidity and Mortality Weekly Report* 64, no. 3 (June 5, 2015).

"About HIV/AIDS | HIV Basics | HIV/AIDS | CDC," July 7, 2016. <http://www.cdc.gov/hiv/basics/whatishiv.html>.

24. Some viral STDs affect a person for life.

"STD Facts - Human Papillomavirus (HPV)," May 16, 2016. <http://www.cdc.gov/std/hpv/stdfact-hpv.htm>.

"STD Facts - Genital Herpes," May 19, 2016. <http://www.cdc.gov/std/herpes/stdfact-herpes.htm>.

"STD Facts - HIV/AIDS & STDs." Accessed November 14, 2016. <http://www.cdc.gov/std/hiv/STDFact-STD-HIV.htm>.

25. A person can only have one STD at a time (False).

"Reported STDs in the United States, 2017." CDC Fact Sheet. Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, 2018.

Kreisel, Kristen M., Ian H. Spicknall, Julia W. Gargano, Felicia M. Lewis, Rayleen M. Lewis, Lauri E. Markowitz, Henry Roberts, et al. "Sexually Transmitted Infections Among US Women and Men: Prevalence and Incidence Estimates, 2018." *Sexually Transmitted Diseases* Publish Ahead of Print (January 26, 2021). <https://doi.org/10.1097/OLQ.0000000000001355>.

<https://www.cdc.gov/std/hiv/stdfact-std-hiv-detailed.htm#print>

26. Sex is the only way to get an STD (False, due to contact with skin and bodily fluids).

"HIV Transmission | HIV Basics | HIV/AIDS | CDC." Accessed June 30, 2016.

<http://www.cdc.gov/hiv/basics/transmission.html>.

"STD Facts - Genital Herpes," May 19, 2016. <http://www.cdc.gov/std/herpes/stdfact-herpes.htm>.

"STD Facts - Human Papillomavirus (HPV)," May 16, 2016. <http://www.cdc.gov/std/hpv/stdfact-hpv.htm>.

"Fact Sheet for Public Health Personnel | Condom Effectiveness | CDC," March 25, 2013.

<http://www.cdc.gov/condomeffectiveness/latex.html>.

27. The Pill provides 93% protection from unplanned pregnancy.

28. A Condom provides 87% protection from unplanned pregnancy.

Hatcher, Robert A. *Contraceptive Technology*. 21 edition. Managing Contraception LLC, 2018.

<http://www.contraceptivetechnology.org/wp-content/uploads/2013/09/Contraceptive-Failure-Rates.pdf>.

Centers for Disease Control. "EFFECTIVENESS OF FAMILY PLANNING METHODS." Accessed July 15, 2016.

<https://pdfs.semanticscholar.org/f45e/602b3239e70f258e0f893980e83a48ee18c7.pdf>. And

<http://www.cdc.gov/reproductivehealth/contraception/index.htm>

"Contraceptive Use in the United States | Guttmacher Institute." Guttmacher Institute, October 2015.

<https://www.guttmacher.org/fact-sheet/contraceptive-use-united-states>.

29. Abstinence provides 100% protection from unplanned pregnancy and STDs.

"Sexual Behaviors | Adolescent and School Health | CDC." Accessed August 16, 2016.

<http://www.cdc.gov/healthyouth/sexualbehaviors/>.

"HIV Prevention | HIV Basics | Act Against AIDS | CDC." Accessed July 15, 2016.

<http://www.cdc.gov/ActAgainstAIDS/basics/prevention.html>.

30. Sexual Assault and Consent

Michigan Penal Code. Michigan Legislature – Sections 750.520a-d. Accessed December 19, 2016.

[http://www.legislature.mi.gov/\(S\(4glrhbcwp5yrpsegzzer3lc\)\)/mileg.aspx?page=getobject&objectname=mcl-750-520a](http://www.legislature.mi.gov/(S(4glrhbcwp5yrpsegzzer3lc))/mileg.aspx?page=getobject&objectname=mcl-750-520a)

31. Alcohol

Dean G. Kilpatrick, Ph.D. ; Heidi S. Resnick, Ph.D. ; Kenneth J. Ruggiero, Ph.D. ; Lauren M., and Conoscenti, M. A. ; Jenna McCauley, M. S. "National Institute of Justice 2007 Study on Drug-Facilitated, Incapacitated and Forcible Rape." *Drug-Facilitated, Incapacitated, and Forcible Rape: A National Study*, July 2007.

<https://www.ncjrs.gov/pdffiles1/nij/grants/219181.pdf>.

Bliss, Jessica. "Police, Experts: Alcohol Most Common in Sexual Assaults." *USA TODAY*. Accessed July 20, 2016. <http://www.usatoday.com/story/news/nation/2013/10/28/alcohol-most-common-drug-in-sexual-assaults/3285139/>.

32. Sexting

Michigan Penal Code. *Michigan Legislature - Section 750.145c and Section 750.145d*. Accessed December 19, 2016.

33. Married people have the safest sex and have sex more often.

While rates of sexual activity change throughout the course of life, married couples do generally have more sex and also report higher levels of sexual satisfaction. This is particularly true for couples in their 20's to 40's. The exception would be older adults who are cohabiting and report higher frequency of sex than their married counterparts.

Ueda, Peter, Catherine H. Mercer, Cyrus Ghaznavi, and Debby Herbenick. "Trends in Frequency of Sexual Activity and Number of Sexual Partners Among Adults Aged 18 to 44 Years in the US, 2000-2018." *JAMA Network Open* 3, no. 6 (June 12, 2020): e203833. <https://doi.org/10.1001/jamanetworkopen.2020.3833>.

Copen, Casey E., Anjani Chandra, and I Febo-Vasquez. "Sexual Behavior, Sexual Attraction, and Sexual Orientation among Adults Aged 18-44 in the United States: Data from the 2011-2013 National Survey of Family Growth." National Health Statistics Reports. Hyattsville, Md.: National Center for Health Statistics, January 7, 2016. <http://www.cdc.gov/nchs/data/nhsr/nhsr088.pdf>. *This study shows that those who are married report more sexual activity than those who are not married or cohabitating.*

Herbenick, Debby, Molly Rosenberg, Lilian Golzarri-Arroyo, J. Dennis Fortenberry, and Tsung-chieh Fu. "Changes in Penile-Vaginal Intercourse Frequency and Sexual Repertoire from 2009 to 2018: Findings from the National Survey of Sexual Health and Behavior." *Archives of Sexual Behavior* 51, no. 3 (April 1, 2022): 1419–33. <https://doi.org/10.1007/s10508-021-02125-2>.

Herbenick, Debby, Michael Reece, Vanessa Schick, Stephanie A. Sanders, Brian Dodge, and J. Dennis Fortenberry. "Sexual Behaviors, Relationships, and Perceived Health Status Among Adult Women in the United States: Results from a National Probability Sample." *The Journal of Sexual Medicine* 7 (October 1, 2010): 277–90. doi:10.1111/j.1743-6109.2010.02010.x.

Reece, Michael, Debby Herbenick, Vanessa Schick, Stephanie A. Sanders, Brian Dodge, and J. Dennis Fortenberry. "Sexual Behaviors, Relationships, and Perceived Health Among Adult Men in the United States: Results from a National Probability Sample." *The Journal of Sexual Medicine* 7 (October 1, 2010): 291–304. doi:10.1111/j.1743-6109.2010.02009.x.

Wagner, Brandon G. "Marriage, Cohabitation, and Sexual Exclusivity: Unpacking the Effect of Marriage." *Social Forces; a Scientific Medium of Social Study and Interpretation* 97, no. 3 (March 2019): 1231–56. <https://doi.org/10.1093/sf/soy082>. *Shows that married couples are less likely to "cheat" sexually than cohabitating couples.*

Christopher, F., and Susan Sprecher. "Sexuality in Marriage, Dating, and Other Relationships." *Journal of Marriage and Family* 62, no. 4 (2000): 999–1017.

[Mixed findings] Jones, Megan M. "SEXUAL FREQUENCY PATTERNS OF COHABITING AND MARRIED WOMEN ACROSS DURATION AND HISTORICAL TIME." Florida State University, 2020. <https://diginole.lib.fsu.edu/islandora/object/fsu:776944/datastream/PDF/view>

[Contrary findings] Kislev, Elyakim. "Does Marriage Really Improve Sexual Satisfaction? Evidence from the Pairfam Dataset." *The Journal of Sex Research* 57, no. 4 (May 3, 2020): 470–81. <https://doi.org/10.1080/00224499.2019.1608146>. *Kislev did not find marriage to be a determining factor in sexual satisfaction. His sample from the German population may not be comparable to our context given different cultural attitudes toward marriage and sex*

Waite, Linda J. "Does Marriage Matter?" *Demography (Pre-2011)* 32, no. 4 (November 1995): 483–507.

34. Married people are richer.

Geng, Jing, Toni Calasanti, and Sadie Giles. "THE INFLUENCE OF MARITAL STATUS AND GENDER ON FINANCIAL WELL-BEING." *Innovations in Aging* 6, Issue Supplement 1 (November 2022).

Vandenbroucke, Guillaume. "Married Men Sit Atop the Wage Ladder." *Economic Synopses* 2018, no. 24 (2018). <https://doi.org/10.20955/es.2018.24>.

Pilossoph, Laura, and Shu Lin Wee. "Household Search and the Marital Wage Premium." *American Economic Journal: Macroeconomics* 13, no. 4 (October 1, 2021): 55–109. <https://doi.org/10.1257/mac.20180092>.

Knoll, Melissa A. Z., Christopher R. Tamborini, and Kevin Whitman. "I Do ... Want to Save: Marriage and Retirement Savings in Young Households." *Journal of Marriage and Family* 74, no. 1 (2012): 86–100. <https://doi.org/10.1111/j.1741-3737.2011.00877.x>.

Wilcox, William Bradford, Institute for American Values, and National Marriage Project (Rutgers University). *Why Marriage Matters: Thirty Conclusions from the Social Sciences: A Report from Family Scholars*. New York: Institute for American Values, 2011.

Redd, Zakia, Tahilin Sanchez Karver, David Murphey, Kristin Anderson Moore, and Dylan Knewstubb. "Two Generations in Poverty: Status and Trends among Parents and Children in the United States, 2000–2010." *Child Trends Research Brief*. Washington, D.C.: Aspen Institute, November 2011. <http://www.childtrends.org/wp-content/uploads/2011/11/2011-25DUPGenerationsInPoverty.pdf>.

Waite, Linda J. "Does Marriage Matter?" *Demography (Pre-2011)* 32.4 (November 1995): 483–507.

Lerman, Robert I. "Married and Unmarried Parenthood and Economic Well-Being." Urban Institute and American University, July 2002. <http://www.urban.org/research/publication/married-and-unmarried-parenthood-and-economic-well-being>.

Winship, Scott. "A Half-Century Decline in Marriage... That End 30 Years Ago for Disadvantaged Kids." American Enterprise Institute, April 2022. <https://www.aei.org/wp-content/uploads/2022/04/Half-Century-Decline-in-Marriage-...-That-Ended-30-Years-Ago-for-Disadvantaged-Kids.pdf?x91208>.

Ludwig, Volker, and Josef Brüderl. "Is There a Male Marital Wage Premium? New Evidence from the United States." *American Sociological Review* 83, no. 4 (August 1, 2018): 744–70. <https://doi.org/10.1177/0003122418784909>. Ludwig argues that much of the marital wage premium is due to selection effects, and not causal. But compare with Vandenbrouke and Pilossoph above. In any case, selection effect does not change the message that married men do, in fact, earn more money than unmarried men.

Copeland, Craig. "The Perfect Storm — Factors Contributing to Lower Retirement Confidence Among Women Who Are Not Married." *Issue Brief* 567. EBRI, 2022.

35. Married people live longer and are healthier.

Jia, Haomiao, and Erica I. Lubetkin. "Life Expectancy and Active Life Expectancy by Marital Status among Older U.S. Adults: Results from the U.S. Medicare Health Outcome Survey (HOS)." *SSM - Population Health* 12 (August 15, 2020): 100642. <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.ssmph.2020.100642>.

Curtin, Sally C. "Mortality Among Adults Aged 25 and Over by Marital Status: United States, 2010–2017." Health E-Stats. National Center for Health Statistics, 2019.

Waite, Linda J. "Does Marriage Matter?" *Demography (Pre-2011)* 32, no. 4 (November 1995): 483–507.

Wilcox, William Bradford, Institute for American Values, and National Marriage Project (Rutgers University). *Why Marriage Matters: Thirty Conclusions from the Social Sciences: A Report from Family Scholars*. New York: Institute for American Values, 2011.

36. Married people create new families with legal rights and benefits.

Wilcox, William Bradford, Institute for American Values, and National Marriage Project (Rutgers University). *Why Marriage Matters: Thirty Conclusions from the Social Sciences: A Report from Family Scholars*. New York: Institute for American Values, 2011.

37. Marriage is the safest place for women and children.

Cid, Alejandro, and Mariana Leguisamo. "Marriage as a Protective Factor Against Intimate Partner Violence Suffered by Women. Exploring Mechanisms." *Hispanic Health Care International* 21, no. 1 (March 2023): 38–49. <https://doi.org/10.1177/15404153221137343>.

Yogman, Michael W., and Amelia M. Eppel. "The Role of Fathers in Child and Family Health." In *Engaged Fatherhood for Men, Families and Gender Equality: Healthcare, Social Policy, and Work Perspectives*, edited by Marc Grau Grau, Mireia las Heras Maestro, and Hannah Riley Bowles, 15–30. Contributions to Management Science. Cham: Springer International Publishing, 2022. https://doi.org/10.1007/978-3-030-75645-1_2.

Cano, Tomás, Francisco Perales, and Janeen Baxter. "A Matter of Time: Father Involvement and Child Cognitive Outcomes." *Journal of Marriage and Family* 81, no. 1 (2019): 164–84. <https://doi.org/10.1111/jomf.12532>.

Sorenson, Susan B., and Devan Spear. "New Data on Intimate Partner Violence and Intimate Relationships: Implications for Gun Laws and Federal Data Collection." *Preventive Medicine* 107 (February 1, 2018): 103–8. <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.ypmed.2018.01.005>.

Yogman, Michael, Craig F. Garfield, COMMITTEE ON PSYCHOSOCIAL ASPECTS OF CHILD AND FAMILY HEALTH, Nerissa S. Bauer, Thesia B. Gambon, Arthur Lavin, Keith M. Lemmon, et al. "Fathers' Roles in the Care and Development of Their Children: The Role of Pediatricians." *Pediatrics* 138, no. 1 (July 1, 2016): e20161128. <https://doi.org/10.1542/peds.2016-1128>.

Yakubovich, Alexa R., Heidi Stöckl, Joseph Murray, G. J. Melendez-Torres, Janina I. Steinert, Calla E. Y. Glavin, and David K. Humphreys. "Risk and Protective Factors for Intimate Partner Violence Against Women: Systematic Review and Meta-Analyses of Prospective–Longitudinal Studies." *American Journal of Public Health* 108, no. 7 (July 2018): e1–11. <https://doi.org/10.2105/AJPH.2018.304428>.

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